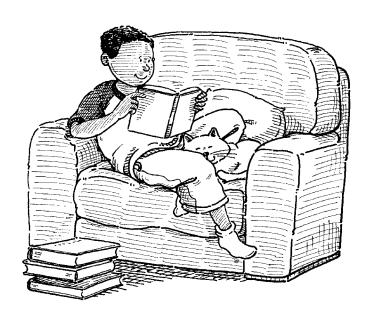
Ready-to-Use Independent Reading Management Kit Grades 4-6

by Beverley Jones and Maureen Lodge





New York ■ Toronto ■ London ■ Auckland ■ Sydney ■ Mexico City ■ New Delhi ■ Hong Kong ■ Buenos Aires

Dedication

We would like to thank all teachers who share their ideas and expertise. We especially want to thank Stacie Martino and Arla Pickens for their contribution to this book.

> Beverley Jones Maureen Lodge



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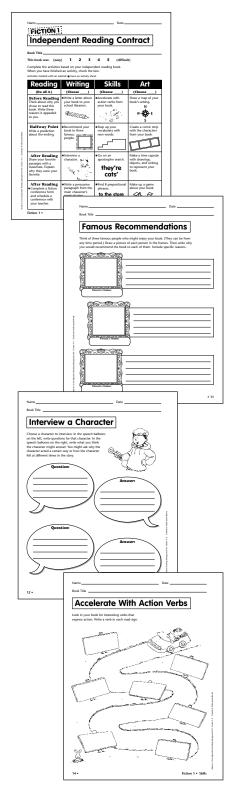
Introduction

The *Ready-to-Use Independent Reading Management Kit: Grades 4–6* was born out of the need for reading and writing activities that meet the diverse levels of learners in the classroom. Our solution was to develop independent reading contracts, which are a series of activity packs that can be used with any book and a variety of genres.

For each contract, students make choices about which reading, writing, and skill-building activities they will complete. Making choices fosters a sense of responsibility and ownership, which encourages students to take the contract seriously. This program helps students learn to select appropriate books, organize the materials they need, and work independently on meaningful and structured activities that help them get the most out of their reading experiences. The program also allows teachers to work with one group of students while the rest of the class works independently on their contracts.

The ten different contracts in this book are designed to be used with books of various genres. There are five contracts for general fiction, and one contract each for biography, mystery, realistic fiction, adventure, and nonfiction. The contracts can be used in any order. Each contract is organized into four categories: reading, writing, skills, and art. Within the skills category, you'll find activities relating to parts of speech, spelling, vocabulary, and more. Many activities are accompanied by appealing, illustrated reproducible sheets to help kids stay on task. Students will write an advice column for a character, create a setting slide show, write character fortune cookies, play a game about verbs and adverbs, and much, much more!

The variety of activities within each contract and the flexibility to use the contracts with any book will help you meet the needs of all your learners. The section titled How to Use This Book on pages 6–8 will take you through the process step by step, from helping students learn to select books to assessing their work. At the end of the book, you'll find other useful reproducible materials, including a letter home explaining the program, a blank contract, assessment rubrics, and more. We think you'll find these independent reading contracts to be a valuable tool for enriching reading, writing, and language arts. Happy reading!

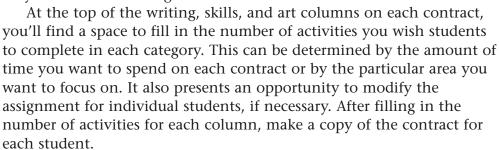


How to Use This Book

Setting Up the System

To meet the needs of all students, collect books that represent a wide range of reading levels. These books can be from your own collection, the school or public library, or donations from families.

Store the books by level in boxes or on shelves, to help students make selections more easily. We have found it helpful to stock a center with books, independent reading contracts, copies of the activity pages, and any necessary supplies. To help students work independently, show them where everything is kept and how to put away materials when they have finished using them.



In advance, determine how long you would like students to spend on each contract. We have found that two to three weeks is usually a good amount of time. Although students work at different rates, it's possible to set a time frame within which all children can work.

If a student finishes a contract for one book, he or she can complete an additional contract in the same genre for a new book if time permits. Set aside a few blocks of time each week for children to work on their contracts. Once students are comfortable with the procedures, they can work independently while you meet with individuals or small groups. This is also a good time to have conferences with students who have completed a contract. (See Completing a Contract, page 8.)



Student Selection of Literature

To introduce independent reading contracts in your classroom, begin by demonstrating how to choose a book that is just right for the reader. For example, you might pose these questions for children to use:

- What is this book about?
- Does the subject interest me?
- Can I read the book without much difficulty?

By showing books that are too easy, too difficult, and just right, you can set an example of appropriate book selection.

Introducing New Skills

Before introducing an independent reading contract, look it over to note the skills that children need to complete it. For instance, before beginning the Mystery contract, children need to know about conjunctions and interrogatives. One or two weeks before introducing the contract, conduct mini-lessons to introduce the skill. Students will then practice that skill as they complete the contract.

When introducing terms such as adjectives, proper nouns, or homophones, you may want to make a poster with examples of these words on it. Students can then refer to the poster if their book does not offer a wide variety of these types of words. In our classroom, students have also enjoyed adding to the posters as they come across "poster words" in their books.

Starting an Independent Reading Contract

Once students have selected their books, model how to use an independent reading contract for a book the whole class has read. Make an overhead transparency of a contract sheet. After students have finished reading the book, show them the contract. Fill in the name, date, and book title lines, and circle the reading level from 1 to 5. Explain that each student will fill in this information and complete the activities based on his or her own independent reading book.

Point out that the first column on the contract lists reading activities. Students should complete all activities in this column, beginning with the first. The activities specify when students should complete them: before reading, at the halfway point, and after reading.

Explain that as students complete each activity, they should make a check mark in the corresponding square on the contract. Explain that after children complete the reading activities, they can do the activities in the other columns in any order they wish. Also, point out the number of activities per column that students should complete.

Draw students' attention to the asterisk in the corner of the boxes on the contract and explain that this means there is a reproducible page on which to complete the activity. Show students where they can find these activity pages. It is helpful to keep the activity pages for each contract in a labeled folder. Demonstrate the procedures students should follow for activities that do not have reproducible sheets.

Show students where to find materials, as well as how to use them and put them away. For example, students will need basic art supplies for many of the activities in the art column. You may want to set up an art center for this purpose. (If you are short on art supplies, you might send home a letter to families with a wish list of supplies.)

Storing Work in Progress

Completing an independent reading contract may take a couple of weeks. It is important to help students organize their materials so that they can work effectively on their own. Have students store all of their materials

for their current contract in a pocket folder, including their book. It is helpful for students to staple their contract to the inside left of their folder for easy reference. Designate a place for students to keep their folders, such as in their desks or in a file folder box.

Meeting the Needs of Your Students

There are a variety of ways to use independent reading contracts to meet your students' range of needs. Contracts can be used with books of any reading level. We have found that it works best to have all students work on the same contract at the same time. The reading level of the books that students choose and the number of books they read tailor the program to meet each student's needs.

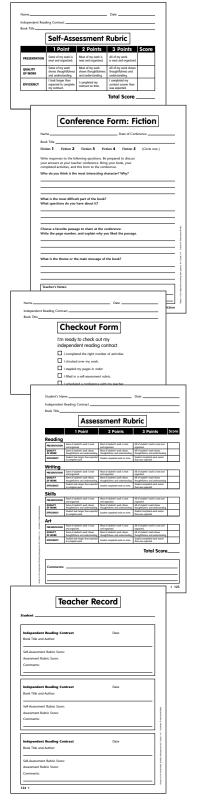
We set aside a three-week period for students to work on each contract. During this time, one student may complete activities for one book while another student may complete activities for three books. Use the blank independent reading contract on page 126 to create additional contracts that reflect skills you would like to reinforce.

Completing a Contract

Once a student has completed an independent reading contract, he or she should fill out a self-assessment rubric (page 122). You may wish to model this procedure by evaluating sample work that you have created. Then the student prepares for a teacher conference by completing the appropriate conference form (pages 114–119) and scheduling a conference with you. Now that the student is ready to "check out" he or she fills out a checkout form (page 121) to make sure that all work has been completed. Have students staple their work in order, along with the contract, the self-assessment rubric, the conference form, and the checkout form on top. Students should put all of this into a folder and turn in their work at a designated spot. (This could be a basket on your desk or a file folder box in a reading center.) During conferences, you can help students evaluate their work. An additional assessment form for you to evaluate students' work appears on page 123. You can also keep a record of each student's work throughout the year by using the reproducible Teacher Record on page 124.

New Contracts

Once students have mastered the skills on a contract, they are ready to progress to a new contract. We recommend discussing and modeling the use of each contract as you introduce it. This is also a good opportunity to discuss any issues that arise about procedures, materials, behavior, and performance. Throughout the year, continue to model procedures to reinforce and ensure the quality of both the work and the working environment.



FICTION 1

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title			
·			

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Ponding	Meiting	Skills	Art
Reading	Writing		
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
Before Reading Think about why you chose to read this book. Write three reasons it appealed to you.	*Write a letter about your book to your school librarian.	*Accelerate with action verbs from your book.	Draw a map of your book's setting. N W E
Halfway Point Write a prediction about the ending.	*Recommend your book to three famous people.	*Step up your vocabulary with new words.	Create a comic strip with the characters from your book.
After Reading Share your favorite passages with a classmate. Explain why they were your favorite.	*Interview a character.	*Go on an apostrophe search. they're cats'	Make a time capsule with drawings, objects, and writing to represent your book.
*Complete a fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Write a persuasive paragraph from a character's point of view.	*Find 8 prepositional phrases. to the store up the tree	Make up a game about your book.

Name	Date
------	------

Book Title __

Letter to a Librarian

Write a letter to your school or local librarian. Explain why a librarian should or should not recommend this book. Include specific details about the book and why students your age would or would not like to read it.

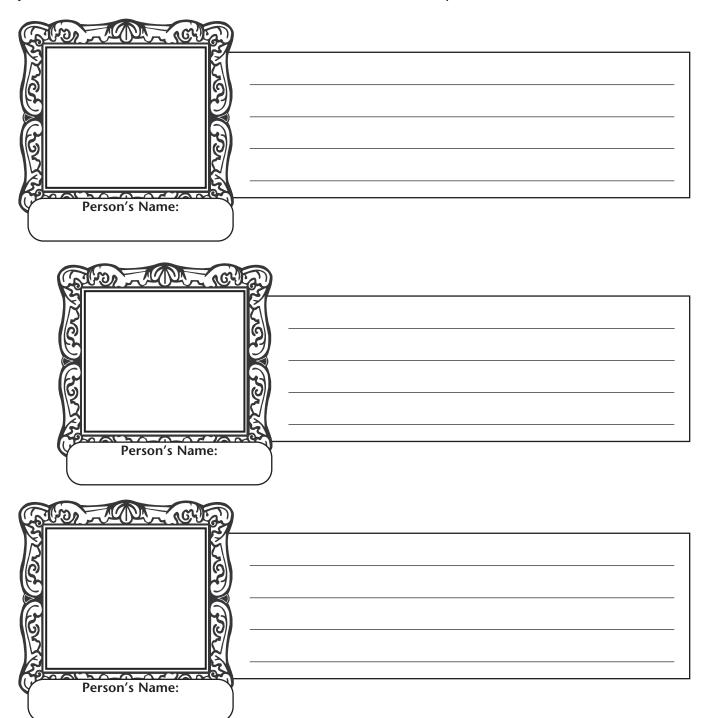


_	

Name	Date
Book Title	

Famous Recommendations

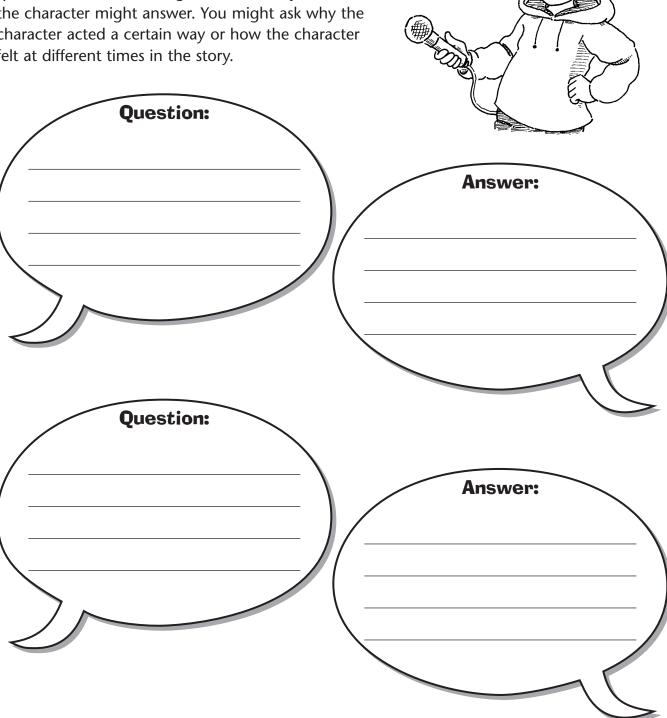
Think of three famous people who might enjoy your book. (They can be from any time period.) Draw a picture of each person in the frames. Then write why you would recommend the book to each of them. Include specific reasons.



Fiction 1 • Writing

Interview a Character

Choose a character to interview. In the speech balloons on the left, write questions for that character. In the speech balloons on the right, write what you think the character might answer. You might ask why the character acted a certain way or how the character felt at different times in the story.



Name	Date		
Rook Title			

Persuasive Paragraph

Think of a point in the story at which a character would like to persuade someone to do something. Write a persuasive paragraph from that character's point of view. Include convincing arguments the character might give.

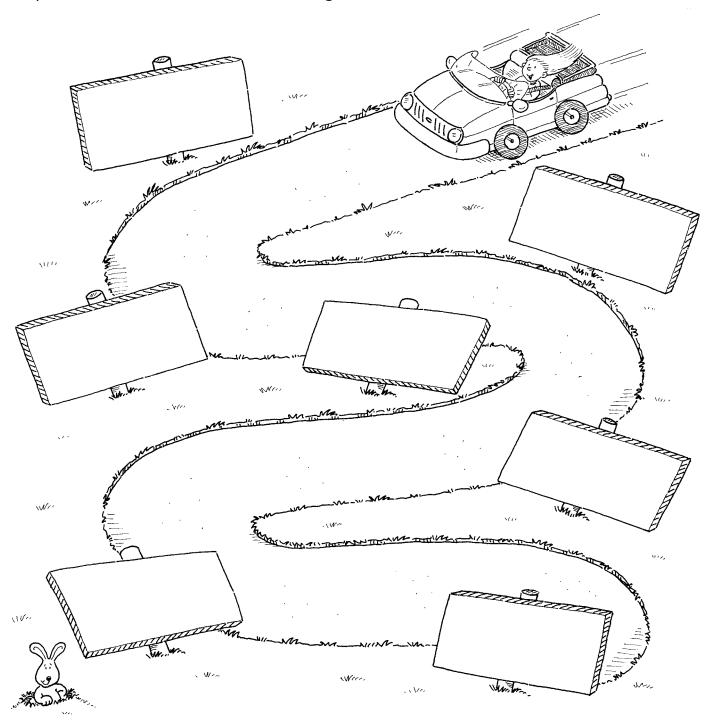
Character			
			777

Name	Date

Book Title

Accelerate With Action Verbs

Look in your book for interesting verbs that express action. Write a verb in each road sign.



Name	Date
Book Title	

Step Up Your Vocabulary!

Find two r Fill in the i box. You r one sheet vocabulary	nformatio nay fill in ı to step up	n in each more than your		Your own sente	ence that uses	the word
			Sentence	e from your bool	k that uses the	word
		Synonyn	n(s)			
	Definitio	on				
Word						

				Your own sentence that uses the word
			Sentence	ce from your book that uses the word
		Synonyn	n(s)	
	Definitio	on		
Word				

Name	Date
D. I. Titl	

Apostrophe Search

Apostrophes can be used in contractions.

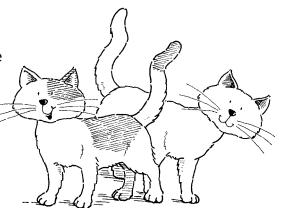
EXAMPLES: it's = it is

they're = they are

Apostrophes can also be used to show possession.

EXAMPLES: Brendan's bicycle cats' tails

Look in your book for words with apostrophes. Write them in the appropriate column. If the apostrophe shows possession, also write the object that is owned.



Contractions	Possession
you're	Jen's desk

Name	Date
Book Title	

Prepositional Phrases

A prepositional phrase includes a preposition and the object of the preposition.

I walk to school.

PREPOSITION = to
OBJECT OF THE PREPOSITION = school

Bowser barked at the mail carrier.

PREPOSITION = at
OBJECT OF THE PREPOSITION = mail carrier



Copy eight sentences from your book that include prepositional phrases. Circle each preposition and underline its object.

Name	Date

FICTION 2

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title	e		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

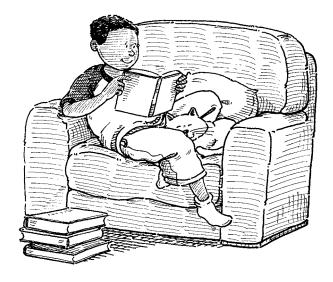
Reading	Reading Writing		Art	
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)	
Before Reading *Make a vocabulary-building bookmark.	*Write a setting postcard.	*Fill in the double-vision verb sheet with -ing verbs.	*Design a CD cover. Think of song titles that relate to your book.	
Halfway Point Find an interesting dialogue between two characters. Ask a classmate to join you in reading it aloud, like a script.	*Make a character wish list.	*Find awesome adverbs in your book. gently	Imagine that your class is putting on a play based on your book. Make a poster to advertise the play.	
After Reading Write and study the definitions of your bookmark words. Ask a classmate to quiz you on them.	*Write a news article. Who? What? When? Why? Where?	*Create a vocabulary scramble and challenge a classmate to solve it.	Look in magazines for pictures of people that remind you of characters from your book. Make a collage and write the characters' names.	
*Complete a fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Compose a shaped poem. poem. state of the law to save the l	*Play Proper Noun Concentration. proper noun Serena common noun girl	Draw or paint an abstract or realistic picture that represents the theme of the book. Write a title that relates to the theme.	

Name	Date	

Book Title

Vocabulary-Building Bookmark

Write the title of your book and draw a picture. Cut out the bookmark. As you read your book, write new words on the lines.



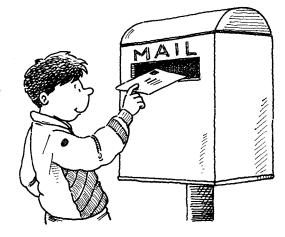
Book Title	

Name	Date

Book Title

Write a Setting Postcard

Imagine that you are visiting an important setting in the story. Write a postcard to a friend, describing the place. Describe what it looks like and what there is to do there. Cut out the postcard and draw a picture of the setting on the back.



Name	Date	
Dool, Title		

Character Wish List

Make a list of objects the main character might like to own. Think about that character's goals and what would help him or her achieve those goals. Also consider what your character likes to do. Beside each object, write a brief explanation of why the character would want it. Write as if you were the character.

by		
.,	Character's Name	

Name	Date
Rook Title	

Noteworthy News Article

The climax is the most exciting part of a story. It tells how the conflict or problem is resolved. Write an article for a newspaper, describing the climax of your book. Draw a picture and write a caption beneath it. Answer the questions below.

1. Who?	4. Where?
2. What?	
	5. Why was this event so important?

Name	Date	
Book Title		

Shaped Poem

A shaped poem (also known as a concrete or picture poem) forms a simple picture of its subject—for example, a poem about a heart would form a heart shape. Think of an important object or creature in your book and write a poem about it in the space below. On a separate sheet of unlined paper, lightly draw a simple outline of the object or creature. Then, copy your poem along the lines of the drawing.

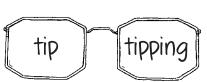
a simple pur poem	t beats constantly, duning hoof hold	dunun dunul.	hours and days and weeks and population

Book Title _

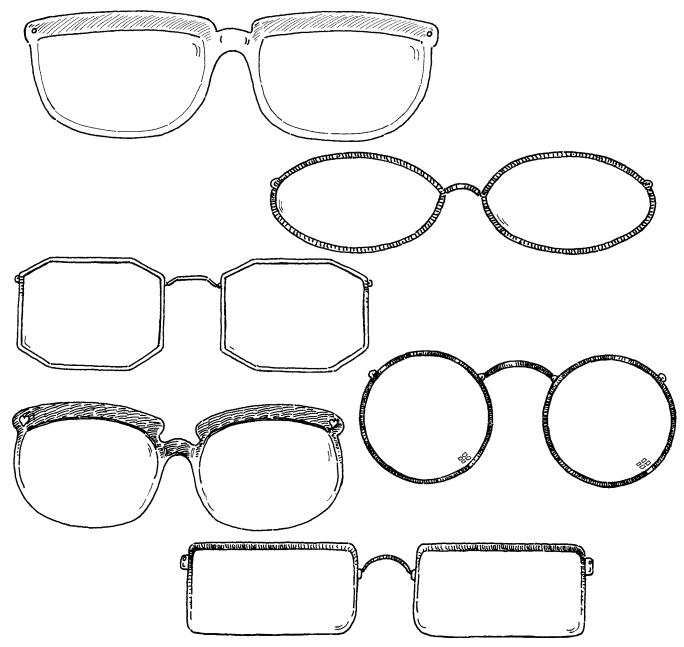
Double-Vision Verbs



If a verb has one syllable, has a short-vowel sound, and ends in a single consonant, then double the final consonant before adding *-ing*.



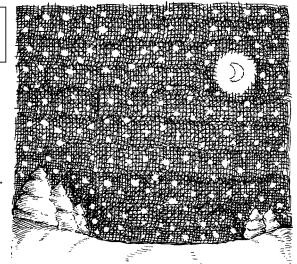
Look in your book for verbs that require you to double the final consonant when adding *-ing*. Fill in the eyeglasses below. Write the verb on the left side and the verb plus *-ing* on the right side.



Book Title _____

Awesome Adverbs

An adverb is a word that describes a verb. Look in your book for interesting adverbs and write them in the left-hand column. Then write a sentence using each adverb. Draw an arrow from the adverb to the verb it describes. The first one has been done for you.



Adverb Sentence

1. gently	The snow fell gently throughout the night.
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9.	
10.	
IV.	

Name	Date

Book Title _

Vocabulary Scramble

Make a vocabulary scramble! First look in your book for new vocabulary words. (They should have nine letters or fewer so that they will fit in the boxes below.) Look up each word in the dictionary and write the definition as a clue. Then scramble the order of the letters in each word and write them in the boxes. Write the answers at the bottom of the page, then fold along the line to hide the answers. Challenge a classmate to unscramble the words.



Cn	allenge a	a classmate to unscramble	tne words.	
	EXAMPLE:	ARBSLEM	Write a	a letter in each box.
		Clue: to mix up		
		Word: SCRAME	BLE	
1.			4.	
	Clue:			Clue:
	Word:			Word:
2.			5.	
	Clue:			Clue:
	Word:			Word:
3.			6.	
	Clue:			Clue:
	Word:			Word:
Ar				5.
		2	4	6

Name	Date
Book Title	

Proper Noun Concentration

A proper noun names a particular person, place, or thing. It's easy to spot proper nouns because they are capitalized. Look in your book for proper nouns. Write each proper noun in a box. In the box next to it, write the appropriate common noun. When you are finished, cut out the boxes, place them facedown, and play Concentration. Try to find matching pairs of proper and common nouns.

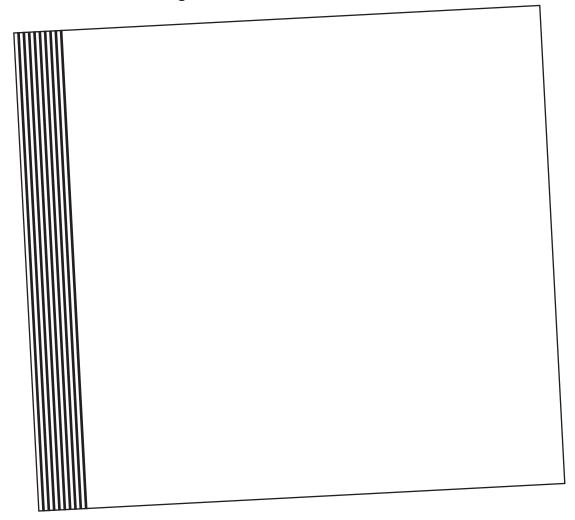
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
Serena	girl	Sylvester	cat
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
Texas	state		
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun
proper noun	common noun	proper noun	common noun

Name	Date

Book Title _____

CD Cover

Imagine that a band has made a CD of songs that are about your book. Design a CD cover that represents the book. On the lines, write song titles that relate to the book.



Song Titles:		

FICTION 3

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title			

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

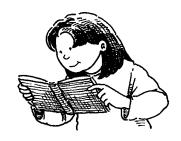
Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

	•		
Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
*On the chart, write three expectations you have of the book.	*Write a descriptive paragraph about an important person, place, or thing.	*Find puzzling plurals.	*Make a setting pyramid showing three important places.
Halfway Point *Is the book meeting your expectations? Fill in the chart with reasons.	*Write three journal entries.	*Use onomatopoeia in a description.	*Draw a caricature, or exaggerated portrait, of a character.
After Reading *Fill in the rest of the expectations chart. Share your chart with a classmate who has read the same book.	*Compare yourself to a character.	*Replace common words with dazzling different ones!	Draw a detailed picture of an important person, place, or thing from your book. Write a few sentences about your drawing.
*Complete a fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Write a dialogue.	*Search for the subject.	Create a new book jacket. Draw a picture on the cover. On the back cover, write a summary of the book and a mini-biography of the author.

Name	Date
Book Title	

Expectations Chart

Before reading the book, write three expectations you have for it. Write a reason for each. After you have read half of the book, write if the book is fulfilling each of your expectations. Explain why or why not. After you have finished the book, write if the book fulfilled each expectation and tell why or why not.



Before Reading	Halfway Point	After Reading
Expectation 1	Expectation 1	Expectation 1
Expectation 2	Expectation 2	Expectation 2
Expectation 3	Expectation 3	Expectation 3

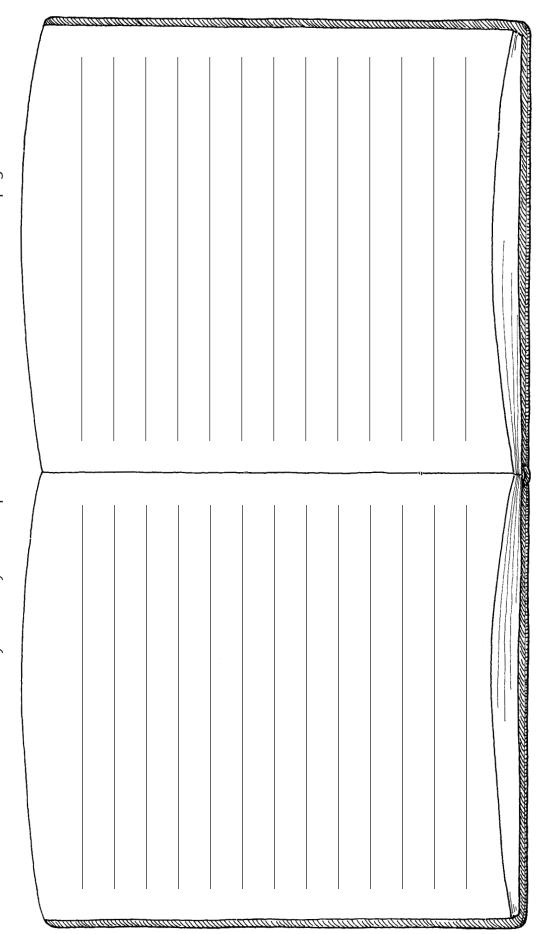
Name	Date	
Book Title		
Descriptive	Paragraph	
Write a descriptive paragraph abo place, or thing from the story. Firs about the person, place, or thing. constructed paragraph that provic	t, brainstorm a list of details Then write a carefully	
	Details	•
······································		••••••

Date	
Name	

Book Title

My Journal

each of the days. Remember to write from the character's perspective and to explain why these days were important to the character. Attach additional pages as needed. Choose three important days in the main character's life. Write a journal entry for



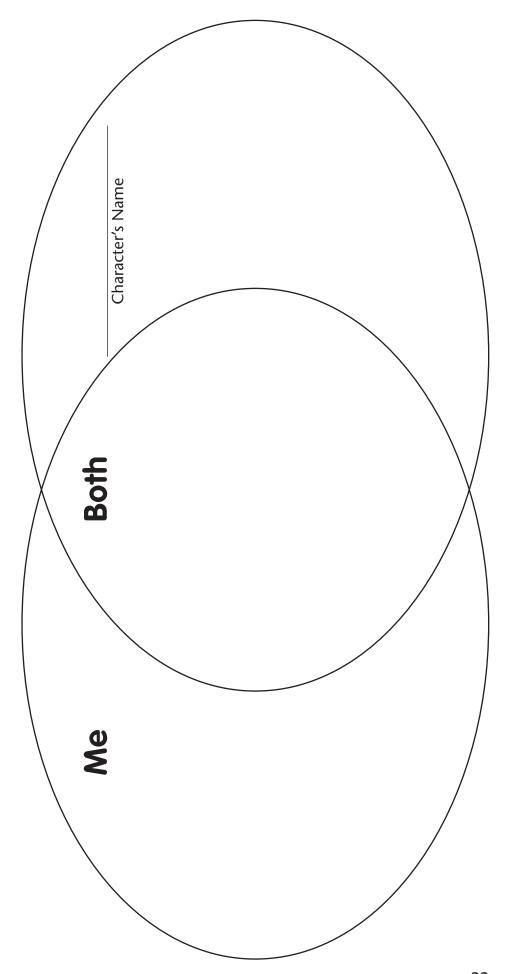
Date

Name

Book Title

Compare Yourself to a Character

different. Fill in the Venn diagram below. Then use the information to write Choose a character from your book. Think about how you are alike and three paragraphs, one for each section of the Venn diagram. Write your paragraphs on a separate sheet of paper and attach it to this sheet.



Name	Date
Book Title	
Draft a Dialogue	
A dialogue is a written conversation between two or more characters. Imagine a dialogue that might have taken place at an interesting point in the story and write it on the lines below. Look at examples in your book before you begin writing. Think about how the characters speak. How is each character's personality revealed in the dialogue? Remember to use quotation marks.	

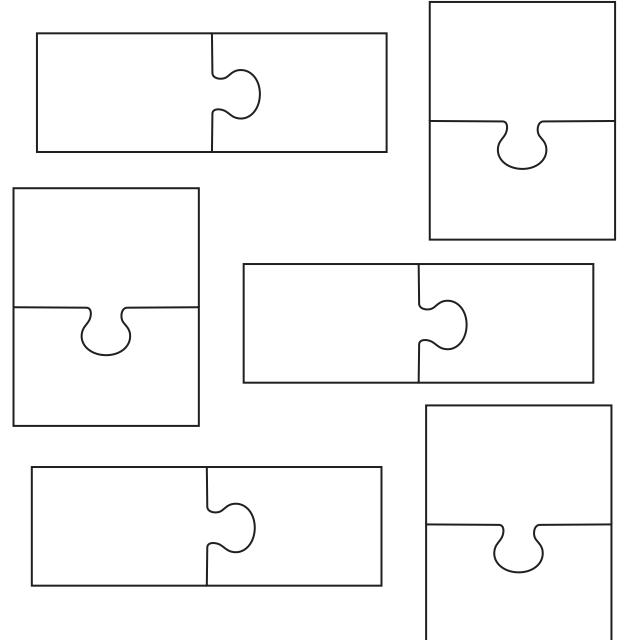
Name	Date

Book Title _

Puzzling Plurals

Most plural nouns are formed by adding the letter s to the singular noun. Some plural nouns are more complicated.

Look in your book for nouns whose plural forms require more than just an s. (You can look for the noun in either the singular or plural form.) Write the singular form on one puzzle piece and the plural form on the other. SingularPluralbutterflybutterflieselfelves



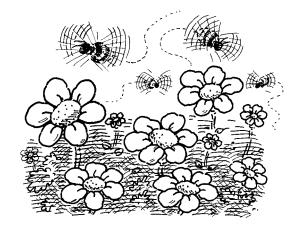
Name	Date	
Book Title		

Onomatopoeia

Onomatopoeia is the use of words that sound like what they mean.

EXAMPLES: whisper buzz hiss

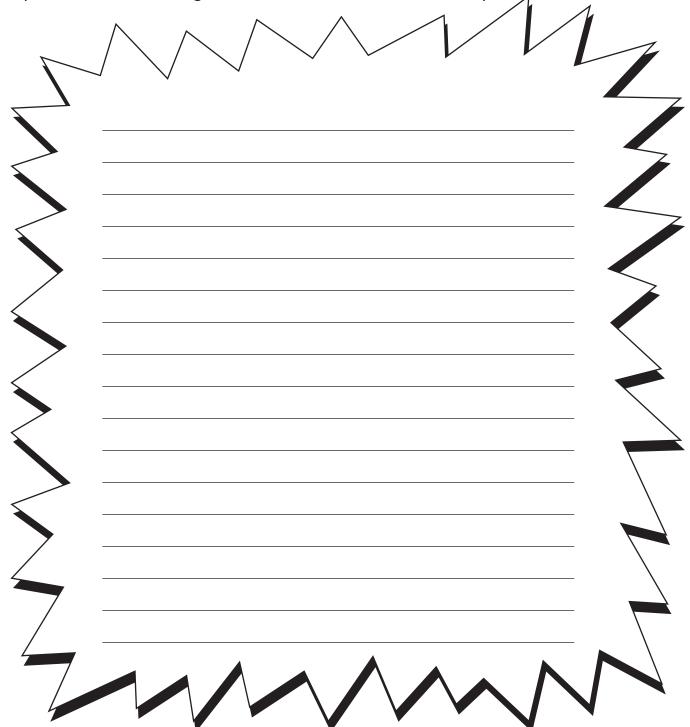
Look for a passage in your book that you could rewrite using onomatopoeia. When you are finished, ask a classmate to read the paragraph aloud and circle the words that sound like their meanings.



Name	Date

Dazzling and Different Words

Find a paragraph in your book that uses a lot of common words. Copy the paragraph on the lines below. Then cross out the common words and replace with them dazzling different words! Use a thesaurus to help.



Book Title __

Name	Date

Search	for t	he S	Sub	ect

Copy ten sentences from your book. Then circle the subject in each one. Look for at least one sentence that does not start with the subject.

EXAMPLE: Last summer, Leo went to camp for the first time.



1	
	•

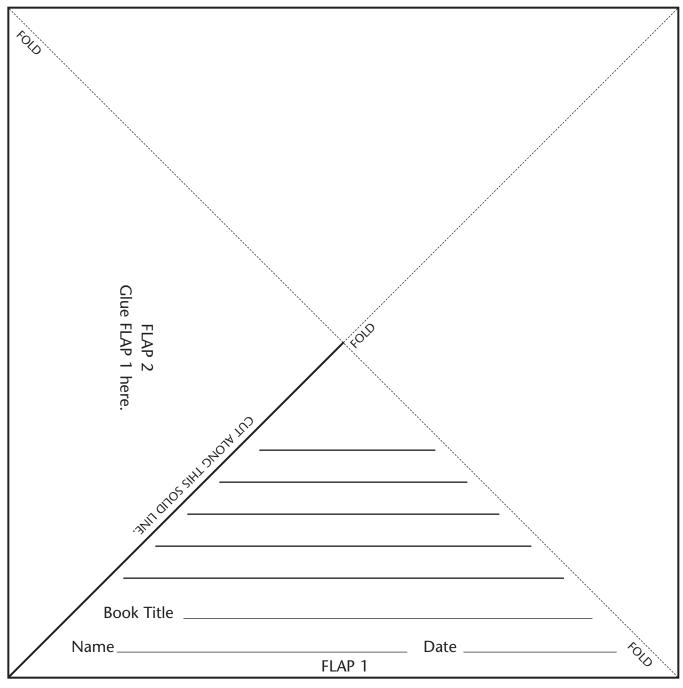
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____
- 9. _____
- 10. _____

Setting Pyramid

You will need three copies of the template below. Follow these directions for each sheet:

- **1.** Cut out the square along the solid line.
- **2.** Fold diagonally along the dotted line. Open the paper and fold diagonally the other way.
- 3. Cut along the solid line.

- **4.** On the uncut half, draw a picture of an important place in the story.
- **5.** On the lines, write where this place is and why it's important.
- **6.** Glue flap 1 on top of flap 2.
- **7.** Glue together the backs of the sections.



Fiction 3 • Art

Name	Date
Book Title	
Character Carica	ture
A caricature is a cartoon-like drawing that exage features and expressions. It often includes a few that tell about the character. Draw a caricature character in your book. Underneath the drawing the name of the character and describe your ca What did you exaggerate and why? Did you incomy objects? Why or why not?	objects of a g, write cricature.

FICTION 4

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title			

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

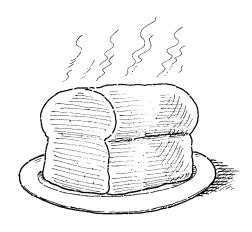
Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
Beginning of Book Notice the point of view. Is the story told by an all-knowing narrator or by one of the characters?	*Write a letter to the author.	*Create a spelling game with words from your book.	*Create a coat of arms for a character.
Beginning of Book *Look for descriptions that involve the five senses. Write them in your sensory chart.	*Fill in a plot paragraph.	*Find linking verbs.	Draw or paint a picture of a main setting in the book. Label those elements that are important to the story.
*Continue to fill in your sensory chart. Share your chart with another student.	*Grade a character. Friendship A+ Generosity B-	*Unlock the prefixes and root words.	Draw or cut out pictures from magazines that represent the conflict, and glue them onto construction paper to make a collage.
*Complete a fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Write character fortune cookies.	*Fill in a topsy-turvy title sheet. Ny Side of the Mountain eye tan not noted dome fade tummy distant	Make a poster advertising the theme of the book. Draw several pictures that relate to the theme. Write a caption beneath each.

Name	Date

Book Title _

Sensory Chart

Look for descriptions that involve the five senses, such as "the wind whispered through the trees" or "the smell of freshly baked bread filled the house." Write an example from the book for each of the senses. Include the page number for reference.



Sense	Example From Book	Page
Hearing		
Smelling		
Seeing		
Tasting		
Feeling		

Name	Date
Book Title	

Letter to the Author

Write a letter to the author of your book. Describe your reactions to the characters, plot, setting, conclusion, and any other part of the story. Include questions for the author about the book and the writing process. You might also include suggestions for a sequel to the book.

		111
	Date	
Dear		
		-
		_
		_
		_
	Sincerely,	_

Name	Date	
Book Title		

Plot Paragraph

Γhen,			
At the end of	the story,		

Name	Date	
Rook Title		

Grade a Character

Characters often have strengths and weaknesses. Choose a character from the book. Give the character a grade for each category. Beside the grade, explain why you gave that grade and provide an example to support your explanation.

Clarent at and a Nilaman		
Character's Name		

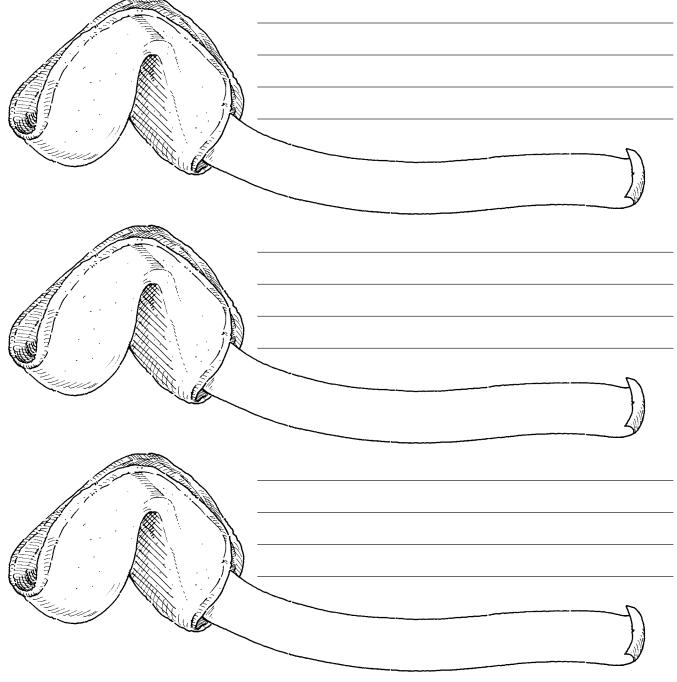
Category	Grade	Explanation and Example
Responsibility		
Thoughtfulness		
Friendship		
Generosity		
Sense of humor		
Problem solving		
Compassion		

Name	Date

Book Title

Character Fortune Cookies

Imagine that at the beginning of the book, the main character breaks open three fortune cookies and reads the fortunes inside. What does the character learn about his or her future? Write a fortune in each cookie. On the lines, write what happens in the book to support that fortune.



Name	Date
Book Title	

Super Spellers Game

Setup

Look through your book for words that may be difficult to spell. Write a word on each card. Cut out the cards and place them facedown in a pile.

Play (2 players)

One player draws a card and reads the word to the other player. The player who hears the word tries to spell it. If the player spells the word correctly, he or she keeps the card. If not, the card is returned to the bottom of the pile. Players switch roles. When there are no cards left, the player with more cards wins.

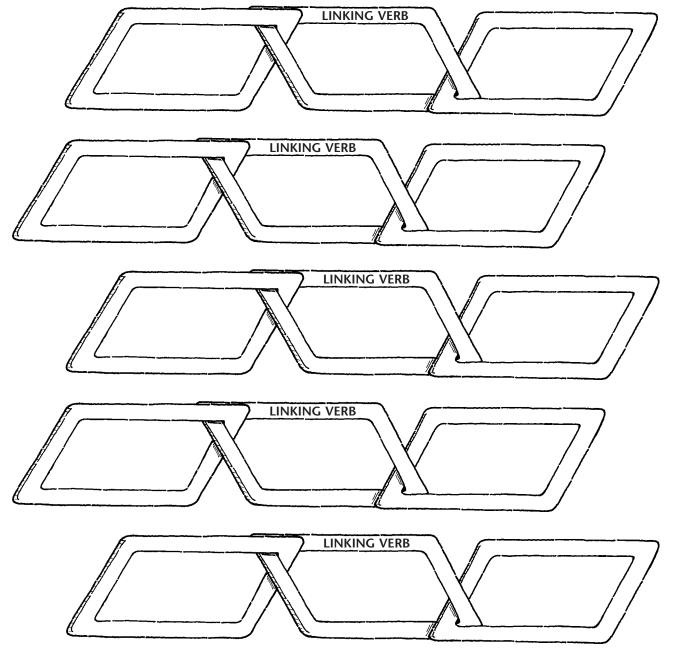
Linking Verbs



A linking verb links the subject to its predicate.

EXAMPLES: I am happy. Linking verb = am (links / to happy)

Look in your book for linking verbs. Write the linking verb in the center link of each chain below. Then write the words that it links on either side.



Name	Date .	

Unlock Prefixes and Root Words

Some words have prefixes. The prefix is attached to the beginning of a root word.

EXAMPLE: **unlock** prefix = **un** root word = **lock**

Look in your book for words that contain a prefix and root word. Write the prefix on the key and the root word in the lock. Then guess the definition of the word. The first one has been done for you.

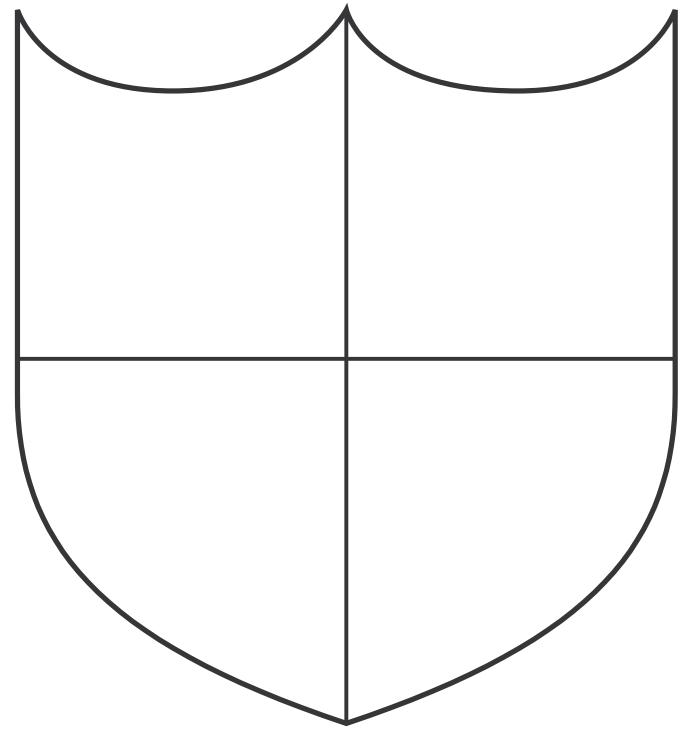
	Prefix	Root Word	Definition
1.	mis	Place 5	to put in the wrong place
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.	~		
6.			
7.			

Name		
Book Title		
Topsy-Tu	Jrvy Title	My Side of the Mountain
How many words can y title? (If your title is very author's name as well.) Then write the words o	eye tan not noted dome fade tummy distant this them	
I think I can make	words using the letters in the title.	
	I made words.	

Name	Date	

Character Coat of Arms

Design a coat of arms for a character in your book. In each section of the shield below, draw a picture that shows something about the character.



Date _____

FICTION 5

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
Beginning of Book *How does the author describe the characters? Fill in the characterization chart.	*Write an advice column.	*Make a vocabulary study chart. word definition	Create a character quilt. Cut out paper squares. Decorate a square for each character and then tape them together.
Halfway Point *Continue to fill in the characterization chart.	*Create a poster about a character.	*Write sentences that use pairs of homophones. here hear	Draw pictures to create a slide show of important settings from the book.
*After Reading *Add any additional information to the characterization chart. Share it with another student.	*Research and write about the author.	*Think of antonyms for words in your book.	Draw a comic strip that tells about the conflict in the story.
*Complete a fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Write about the theme of the book.	*Think of alternate titles for your book.	Draw a comic strip that tells how the conflict was resolved.

Name	Date
Book Title	
Characterization (Chart
A writer can reveal aspects of a character's person different ways. This is called characterization. Reac	

The writer describes the character.

EXAMPLE: The giant was shy, kind, and generous.

examples below, then look for different types of

characterization in your book. Write an example of each type.

The character says or does something.

EXAMPLE: The giant blushed and said, "I knew you weren't feeling well, so I brought you some of my homemade lizard soup."

Another character thinks or says something about the character.

EXAMPLE: The elf said to the giant, "You may be the most powerful creature in the forest, but you wouldn't hurt a fly."

Name	Date

Advice Column

Imagine that you write an advice column for a newspaper. Write a letter from the main character, describing the problem in the story. What would you advise the character to do? Write a letter explaining your solutions. You will need two copies of this sheet.

r
i i
:
!
ļ ļ

Name	Date
Rook Title	

All About a Character

Choose an interesting character from your book. Imagine that you are the character and fill in the poster below. Use the information you know about the character to guess how he or she would fill in the blanks. Draw pictures in the boxes.

Read All About	
This is what I look like:	Character's Name
	Corner of Favorites Favorite food:
	Favorite movie:
	Favorite song:
Age:	Favorite hobby:
Home: Grade level or occupation: Ambition in life:	A picture of my favorite person, place, or thing:
Someone I admire: Something I would change about myself:	
An accomplishment I am proud of:	- -
Special talent(s):	- -

Name	Date
Book Title	

All About the Author

Look up information about the author of your book and fill in the blanks below. Then imagine that you are the author. How would you introduce yourself and what would you tell people about your life? Prepare a short speech and perform it for the class.

Name:		
Born:	Still Alive/Died:	
Birthplace:	Current hometown:	
Important events in author's life:		
Other books by the same author:		
	bout this particular book:	

Name	Date
Book Title	
Think About the Them	e My theme is
The theme is the main idea or message of the whole book. It is different from the subject of the book. For example, the subject a book could be baseball and the theme could be overcoming obstacles. A book may have more than one theme.	ct of
Answer the questions below to help you discover the theme of	f your book.
What was the most important event in the story?	
What did the main character learn from this event?	
Did the main character change in any way? How?	
What is important to the main character at the beginning of the book?	of the book?
Write a sentence or two about the theme of the book:	

Name	Date	
Rook Title		

Vocabulary Study Chart

Look in your book for words whose meanings you do not know. Write the words in the left-hand column. Look up the words in the dictionary and then write the definitions in the right-hand column. Cut out the chart. Then fold along the dotted line so that you can quiz yourself on the definitions without looking at them.

Word	Definition

Name	Date
o de Tule	

Homophone Challenge

A homophone is a word that sounds the same as another word but has a different meaning or spelling. Can you think of any homophone pairs? Look through your book for words that are part of a homophone pair. Write each homophone, then write one sentence that uses both homophones.

here hear

Homophones:	hear	here
Sentence:	It's hard to hear in here!	
Homophones:		
Sentence:		
Homophones:		
Sentence:		
Homophones:		
Sentence:	-	
Homophones:		
Sentence:		
Homophones:		
Sentence:		
Homophones:		
Sentence:		
Homophones:		
Sentence:		

Name	Date

Antonyms All Around

Antonyms are words with opposite meanings. Look for words in your book and then try to think of an antonym for each. Write the word on the left-hand page of the book below and the antonym on the right.

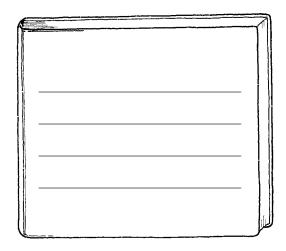
Word	Antonym

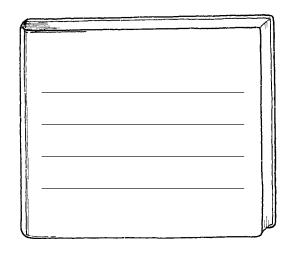
Name	Date
1	

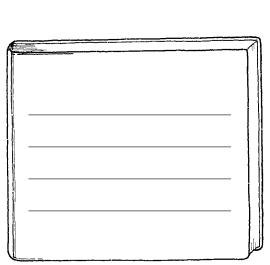
Book Title _

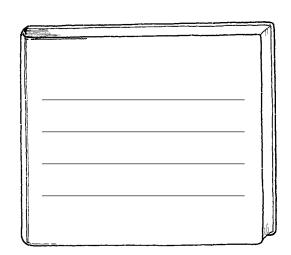
Title Time

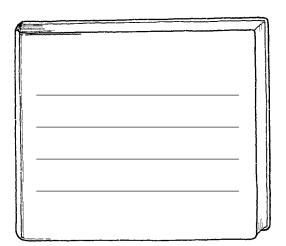
Think of other titles the author might have used for this book. Write a title on each book cover, making sure to capitalize the appropriate words. (A general rule is to capitalize all words except conjunctions, prepositions, and articles. Only capitalize a conjunction, preposition, or article if it is the first or last word in the title or if it's four or more letters long. EXAMPLES: Gone With the Wind, A House Is a House for Me)











Name	Date
Turre	Dutc

BIOGRAPHY

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title _____

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

	•		
Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
*Fill in a K-W-L chart (What I Know, What I Want to Know, What I Learned).	*Write a letter to the person your biography is about.	*List adjectives that describe people, places, or things in your book. noisy clock	*Design a postage stamp that honors the subject of the biography.
Halfway Point Find a passage that describes an important accomplishment of the main character. Share it with another student.	*Construct a time line of the person's life.	*Find eight irregular verbs in your book.	*Draw a charm bracelet that the person might have worn. Each charm should represent an accomplishment or interest.
*Complete the K-W-L chart.	*Make a character web.	*Make your own mini thesaurus.	Make a museum in a box. Decorate the inside of a shoe box to create a 3-D display of an important event in the person's life.
*Complete a biography conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Write a speech about the person in your book.	*Create a name search for a classmate to solve.	Use modeling clay to create a bust resembling the person you read about. (If clay is not available, draw a portrait.)

Name	Date
Rook Title	

K-W-L Chart: Biography

Before you begin reading your book, fill in the first two columns of the chart. First, write what you know about the subject of the biography. Then write what you want to know about this person. After you finish the book, write what you learned.

Know	Want to Know	Learned
l 		

Name	Date	
Book Title		

Write a Letter

Write a letter to the person your biography is about. If you need additional room, attach another sheet of paper. Here are some ideas for what you might include in your letter.

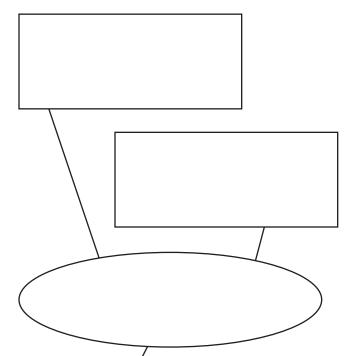
- What would you like to ask the person?
- What do you admire about the person?
- What do you have in common with the person?
- What current events might interest the person if he or she is no longer alive?
- What advice would you give the person about a problem he or she faced in the book?

Dear		
ocai		
	Sincerely,	
	Silicerery,	

Date	 Some events to consider including: date and place of birth important accomplishments marriage and birth of children 			
Ď	Make a time line about the biography you read. What events happened in the person's life? Write them in the order they occurred, and include some information about each event. Cut along the lines shown and then tape the two strips together.			
Name	Time Line			
	Ready-to-Use Independent Read n	g Management Kit: Grades 4-6 © Jone	es and Lodge, Scholast	ic Teaching Resources

Character Web

Write the name of the person in the center of the web. Think of three qualities or characteristics that describe the person (generous, forgiving, and so on). Write the qualities in the ovals. Then think of two examples from the biography that show each quality. Write the examples in the boxes.



Name	Date
Book Title	

Write a Speech

Imagine that you are going to deliver a speech praising the person your biography is about. Include information about that person's important accomplishments and praiseworthy qualities. Include examples from the book that demonstrate these qualities.



<u> </u>

Name

Book Title

Adjectives All Around

An adjective is a word that describes a person, place, or thing.

Date

Find adjectives in your book. In the chart below, write the adjectives and the words they describe. Then think of a different adjective to describe the same word.

sbi				
Things	adjective from book: noisy clock new adjective: broken clock	adjective from book: new adjective:	adjective from book: new adjective:	adjective from book: new adjective:
es				
Places	adjective from book: inviting house new adjective: mysterious house	adjective from book: new adjective:	adjective from book: new adjective:	adjective from book: new adjective:
People	adjective from book: courageous astronaut new adjective: cheerful astronaut	adjective from book: new adjective:	ective m book:	adjective from book: new adjective:
	adjective <u>courage</u> new adje	adjective from book new adjective:	adjective from book:_ new adjective:_	adjective from bool new adjective:

Name	Date

Book Title _

Irregular Verbs

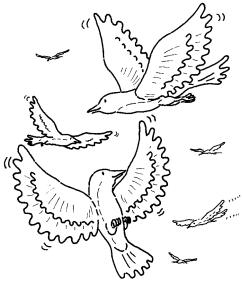
An irregular verb does not follow the rule of adding *-ed* to form the past tense.

EXAMPLE: **Regular Verb**present tense = iumr

present tense = jump past tense = jumped Irregular Verb

present tense = fly past tense = flew

Look in your biography for ten irregular verbs. They can be in either the present or past tense. Write the verb in the appropriate column and then fill in the other column.



Present Tense

Past Tense

1		
2		
3		
	_	
4		
5		
	_	
6		
7		
8	_	
9		
10		

Name	Date	
Pook Title		

Mini Thesaurus

Find ten words from your book and write them in alphabetical order. Then think of as many synonyms as you can for each and write them on the lines. Use a thesaurus or dictionary to find even more synonyms to add to the list. An example has been done for you.



Word

Synonyms

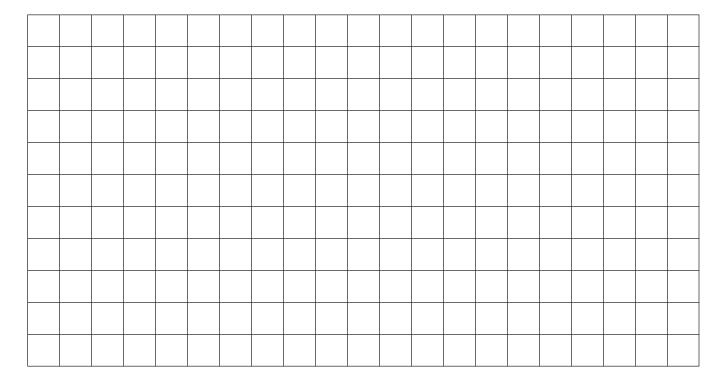
_	intelligent	smart, clever, brilliant, intellectual, knowledgeable
I		
2. _		
3. _		
4		
5. _		
7. _		
8. _		
9		
10		

Name	Date
Book Title	

Name Search



On a piece of scrap paper, make a list of characters' names from your book. Then fit as many names as you can into the grid. You can place the words vertically, horizontally, or diagonally. Write clues for each character below. Then fill in the blank spaces with additional letters. Challenge a classmate who has read the book to find and circle the names.



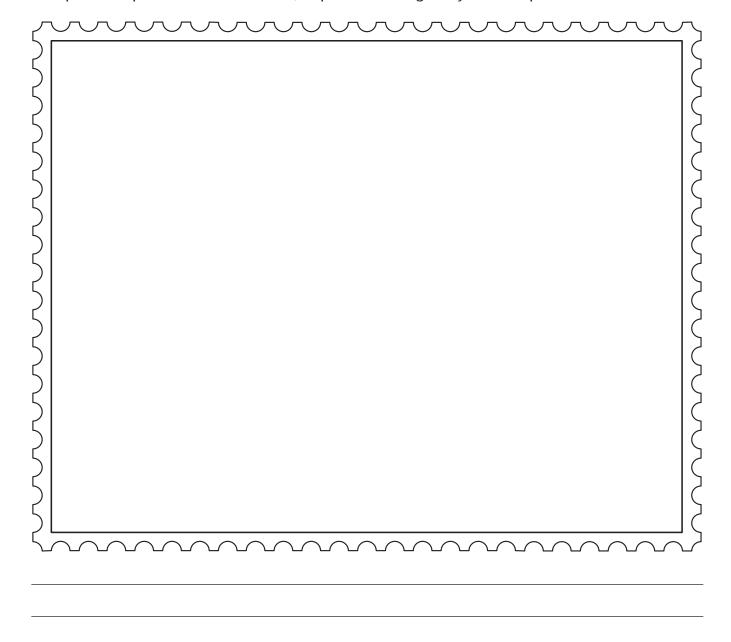
Clues			

Name	Date

Book Title

Postage Stamp

Postage stamps are sometimes designed to honor a person. What would a stamp honoring the person in your book look like? You might include a picture of the person as well as any objects that represent his or her accomplishments. After sketching the stamp on scrap paper, draw your stamp in the space below. Beneath it, explain the design of your stamp.



Name	Date

Book Title

Charm Bracelet

Sometimes people collect charms to add to a bracelet. Each charm is a small piece of jewelry that represents something important to the person. A charm could be a tiny tennis racquet, a heart, or even the Eiffel Tower. The charms on a bracelet can reveal a lot about the person it belongs to.

Design a charm bracelet for the person in the book. Include at least ten charms and draw a picture of each. On a separate sheet of paper, write a paragraph explaining what these charms tell about that person's life or interests.



MYSTERY

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
Beginning of Book *How do you feel about the characters at the beginning of the book? Fill in the character chart.	*Compose character limericks.	*Interrogate with interrogatives. (Ask questions!)	Draw an invention that a character might have needed. Then write what it does and how the character would have used it.
Halfway Point * How do you feel about the characters at the middle of the book? Fill in the character chart.	*Find real and false clues.	*Find words that follow and break the spelling rule "i before e except after c."	Draw a floor plan of a building in which important story events occurred. Label the areas and write what events happened in each.
*How do you feel about the characters at the end of the book? Fill in the character chart.	*What makes a mystery? Answer questions to find out.	*Discover as many conjunctions as you can. and so or if	Create a fingerprint picture of a scene from your mystery. Use an inkpad and your fingers!
*Complete a mystery conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Set the mood in a paragraph that describes a setting.	*Create a secret code about your book.	Imagine that the mystery is being made into a movie. Choose three characters and design a costume for each.

Date	
Name	

Book Title

Character Chart

What do you think of the characters at the beginning of the story? How do you characters. Fill in the chart below with your impressions of these characters at feel about them at the middle and end of the story? Choose three important the beginning, middle, and end of the book.

End		
Middle		
Beginning		
Character		

Name	Date
Book Title	

Character Limericks

A limerick is a humorous poem with the following guidelines:

- It has five lines.
- Lines 1, 2, and 5 rhyme and have three stressed syllables.
- Lines 3 and 4 rhyme and have two stressed syllables.
- Line 1 often starts with the phrase "There once was..."

Read the example aloud several times to get a feeling for the rhythm.

There once was a kid in fifth grade, who lived his life unafraid.

His fear was unknown until he was thrown when his homework was boldly displayed.

Now write your own limericks! Choose two characters and write a limmerick about each of them.

		-
		-
		•
		-
		-
•••		•
		•••••
	Character's Name	•••••
	Character's Name	•••••
	Character's Name	

Name	Date	
Pook Title		

Find the Clues

Throughout a mystery, the writer provides the reader with clues. Some of the clues help the reader figure out the ending. Other clues lead the reader in the wrong direction in order to conceal the ending. Look through your mystery for examples of real clues and false clues.

Real	False Clues
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_

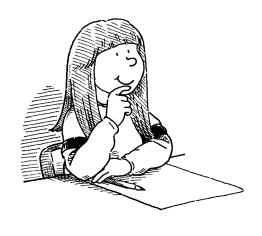
Name	Date
Book Title	
What Makes a Myster	y? (?)
What makes a mystery different from other fictional books? Think about the story elements below. Then answer the questions, providing examples to support your ideas.	The same of the sa
Characters:	The state of the s
Are any of the characters mysterious? In what ways?	
Plot:	
What is the problem that needs to be solved?	
s the plot suspenseful? In what ways?	
Conclusion:	
How is the problem solved?	
Were there any surprises at the end of the book?	

Name	Date	_
Book Title		

Set the Mood

Think about how the setting determines the mood or atmosphere of a story. Look through your book for a passage that describes the setting. How does the description make you feel?

Now make up your own setting and decide how you want your reader to feel. Anxious? Excited? Content? Think about how you can describe it to make your reader feel a certain way. Remember not to tell your reader how to feel. Instead, make the reader feel a certain way by writing an effective description.



Name	Date
Book Title	

Interrogate With Interrogatives!

Interrogative is a fancy word for a question. When you interrogate someone, you ask the person a lot of questions.

Look in your book for five statements and write them on the lines. Then change each statement into a question.

EXAMPLE: Statement: The detective was the first to arrive at the crime scene.

Interrogative: Was the detective the first to arrive at the crime scene?

1.	Statement:	
	Interrogative:	
2.	Statement:	
	Interrogative	
	interrogative.	
3.	Statement:	
	interrogative:	
4.	Statement:	
	Intorrogativo	
	interrogative:	
5 .	Statement:	
	Indiana matters	
	Interrogative:	

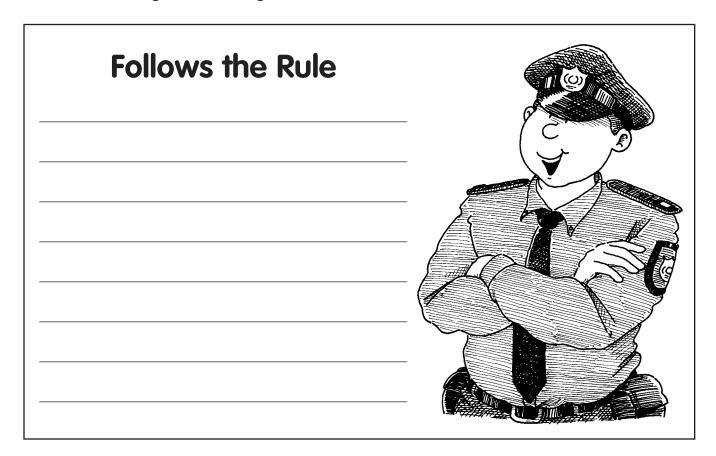
Name	Date .	

Book Title ____

Follow the Rules!

Find eight words in your book that follow this spelling rule and write them on the lines.

Put *i* before *e* except after *c* and when sounded like *a* as in *neighbor* and *weigh*.

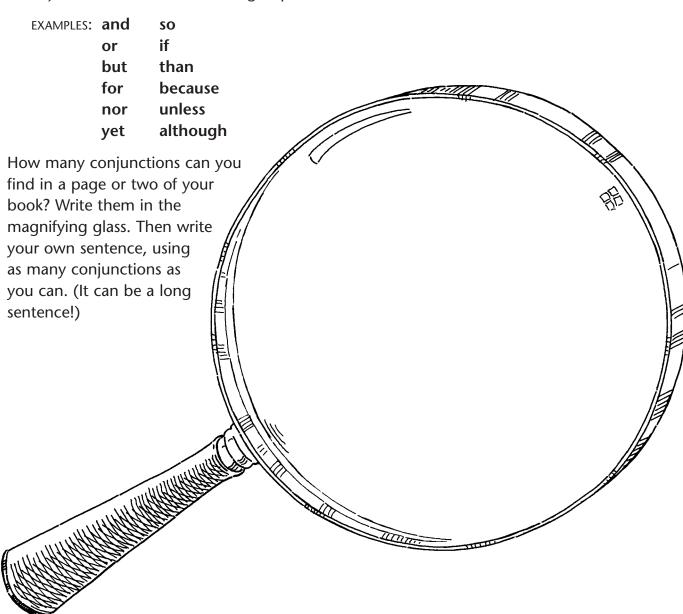


Can you find one word that breaks the rule? Write it in the box. (If you cannot find a word in your book, think of a word on your own.)

Breaks the Rule

Discovering Conjunctions

A conjunction connects words or groups of words.



Sentence:

Book Title _

Secret Code

Create a secret code at the bottom of the page. Think of a number, letter, or symbol to represent each letter. For example:

$$A = 1$$

$$A = B$$

$$B = 3$$

$$B = C$$

$$C = 5$$

$$C = D$$

Then write a short message about your book in the secret code. Fold the paper along the dotted line to hide the key and challenge a classmate to crack the code!



Write your message here:

Write your code key below this line. Fold the paper up along the dotted line to hide the key.

REALISTIC FICTION

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Reading	Writing Skills		Art	
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)	
Beginning of Book *Look for metaphors and similes in your book. Write them on the chart.	*Predict the future.	*Think of synonyms for the word said.	Draw a picture that represents the conflict of the book. Then draw a picture that shows how the conflict was resolved.	
*Continue to fill in the metaphor and simile chart.	*Describe how the main character changes.	*Fill in a noun-to- pronoun chart.	Imagine that you're the set designer for a movie about your book. Draw three different sets that reflect important places in the book.	
After Reading Share your chart with another student.	*Find meaningful quotations.	*Retell part of the book as a rhyme! Word Family -AY day may play play say	Design a magazine cover about the theme. Draw a picture. Then write the magazine name and article titles that relate to the theme.	
*After Reading *Complete a realistic fiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*What obstacles does the main character face? How does he or she overcome them?	*Vary your sentence structure.	Use clay to create an important object from the story. (If clay is unavailable, draw a picture instead.)	

Name	Date
Book Title	

Metaphor and Simile Chart

A simile compares two things, using like or as.

EXAMPLE: The alarm clock blared like a siren.

A metaphor is a word or phrase that directly compares two things. It does not use *like* or *as*.

EXAMPLE: The cat's eyes were glowing embers in the dark.

Find metaphors and similes in your book. Write them below, along with the page numbers on which you found them.



Metaphors	Similes
page	page

Name	Date
Book Title	

Predict the Future

Imagine that you are a fortune-teller and the main character pays you a visit. The character wants to know what will happen to him or her after the end of the book. What questions might the character ask about the future? Write the questions and then write your predictions for the future.



Character's name:
Character's question:
Your prediction:
Character's question:
Your prediction:
Character's question:
Your prediction:
Character's question:
Your prediction:

Name	Date	_
Book Title		

Character Changes

The main character of a book often changes in some way—for example, the character might learn something new, become better at something, or learn to appreciate something. How does the main character in your story change? Draw a picture of the character looking in the mirror at the beginning of the story. Write a description of the character next to the mirror.

Then draw a picture in the second mirror, showing how the character changed. (You might show this through the character's expression or body position, or by adding objects or other people to the picture.) Then describe the change in writing. Include information about what caused this change.

Name	Date	
Rook Title		

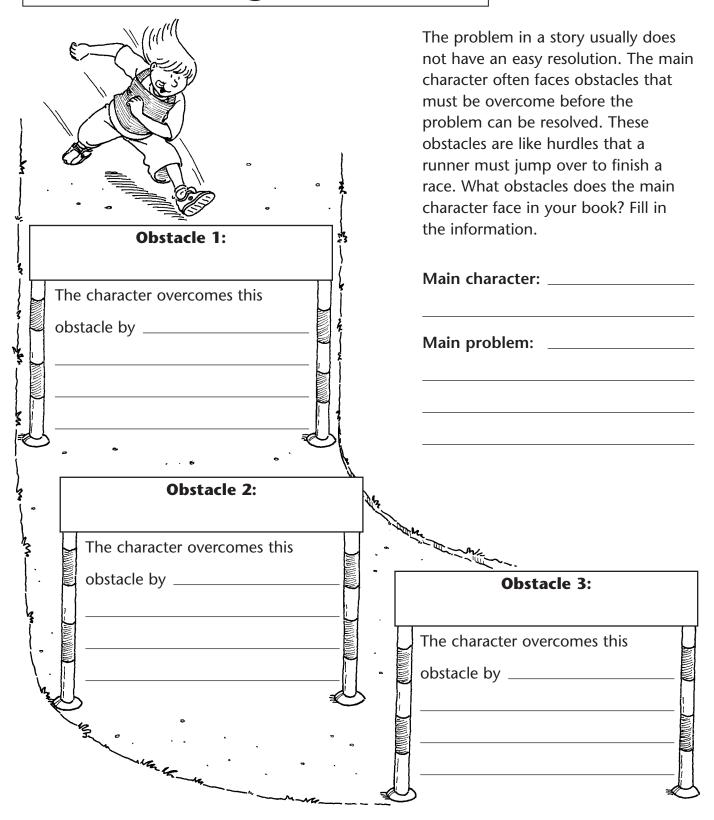
Quotable Quotations

Look in your book for quotations that give the reader important information about the characters, plot, or theme. Write a quotation in each speech balloon. Then write the name of the character who made the statement. Finally, write why you think this is an important quotation. What information does it provide? Name of character: This is important because _____ Name of character: This is important because _____ Name of character: This is important because _____

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Name	1)210
Name	Date

Book Title _____

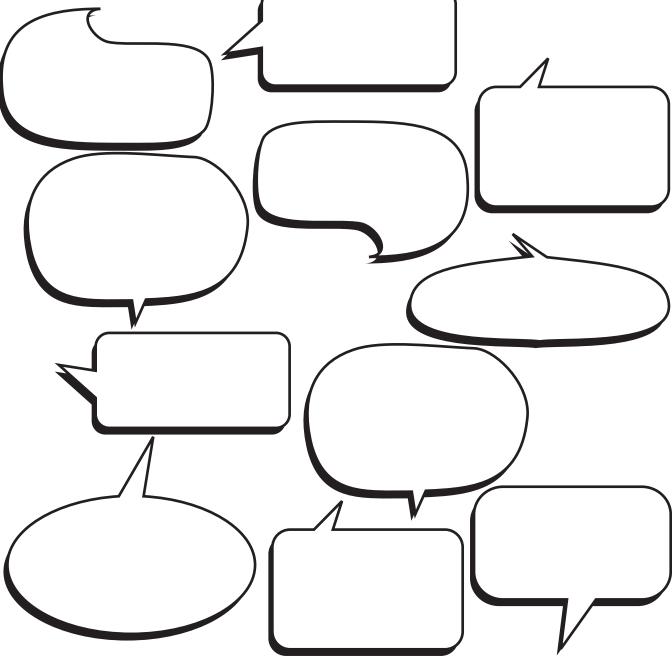
Overcoming Obstacles



Synonyms for Said

To make dialogue more interesting, writers use other verbs instead of *said*. Look in your book for synonyms for *said* and write them in the speech balloons. Add any other synonyms you can think of, and look in a thesaurus for even more.





Name	Date
Rook Title	

Noun-to-Pronoun Chart

A pronoun is a word that replaces a noun. Copy any sentence from your book. From that sentence, choose one noun that you could change to a pronoun. Write the noun and pronoun in the appropriate columns. Fill in the chart with nine different sentences. Try to use as many different pronouns as you can.

Sentence	Noun	Pronoun
Joey handed the plate to Sheila.	plate	it

Name	Date
Book Title	

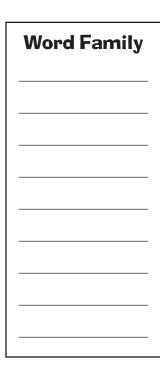
Retell in Rhyme!

Choose a part of the story to retell as a rhyme. First, choose a few word families (words that share the same ending) and brainstorm lists of words that belong to each. Then use the words from one or more of the word families to help you write your rhyme. The first one has been started for you.

Word Family	
AY	
day	
may	
play	
say	

Write your rhyme here

Word Family			



Word Family		

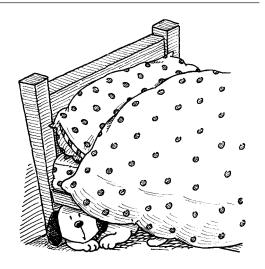
Time your my me nere.			
		·	

Name	Date

Book Title _____

Sentence Structure

Writers vary the structure of their sentences to make their writing more interesting. Look through your book and notice how the author does this. Writers often vary the way a sentence begins, making sure some sentences do not start with the subject. Look for sentences that start with the subject and try to rewrite them so that they start in a different way. You may add words if you like.



EXAMPLE: sentence from book: **Simon hid under the bed for hours.** new sentence: **For hours, Simon hid under the bed.**

sentence from book:	
New sentence:	
Sentence from book:	
New sentence:	
Sentence from book:	
New sentence:	
Sentence from book:	
New sentence:	
Sentence from book:	
New sentence:	
Sentence from book:	
New sentence:	

ADVENTURE

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
Beginning of Book *Write about the introduction on the plot-peak sheet.	*Write your own chapter.	*Create a word- search challenge using proper nouns from the book.	Make a travel brochure showing the settings in your book. Write captions for the pictures to entice readers to visit these places.
*Write about the climax on the plotpeak sheet.	*Explain the main character's goals.	*Complete a clever clovers sheet with interesting words.	Design toys or action figures based on characters or objects from your story. Write catchy descriptions of each.
*Write about the resolution on the plot-peak sheet.	*Write a song about your book.	*Write a dramatic dialogue using interjections.	Make a mobile about your book. Draw or cut out pictures and use string to hang them from a coat hanger.
*Complete an adventure conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Describe the most exciting part.	*Build a vocabulary wall with new verbs from your book.	Create a short children's book that illustrates the main events of the story. You might make it a wordless picture book.

Date

Name_

What happens after the Resolution problem is resolved? How is the conflict resolved? **Climax** म्पा Introduction Who are the main characters? The three main parts of a story and resolution. What happens are the introduction, climax, Plot Peak What is the main conflict? in each part? Answer the **Book Title** questions.

Name	Date
Book Title	
Write Your Own	Chapter
Think of an event that would make your book even more interesting. Then write a chapter describing the event. Try to write in a style similar to that of the author. In the box, draw a picture to go with your chapter. Add extra pages as needed. Chapter Title	

Name	Date

Book Title _

Goal Checklist

What do you think are the goals of the main character? What does the main character want to accomplish or learn? Think of one or two goals and write them below. Then write beside each one how the character tried to reach the goal and whether he or she was successful. Write from the point of view of the character.

My Goal My Goal	How I Tried to Reach My Goal	Was I Successful
•		
•		
)		
•		

Name	Date
Book Title	

Song Lyrics

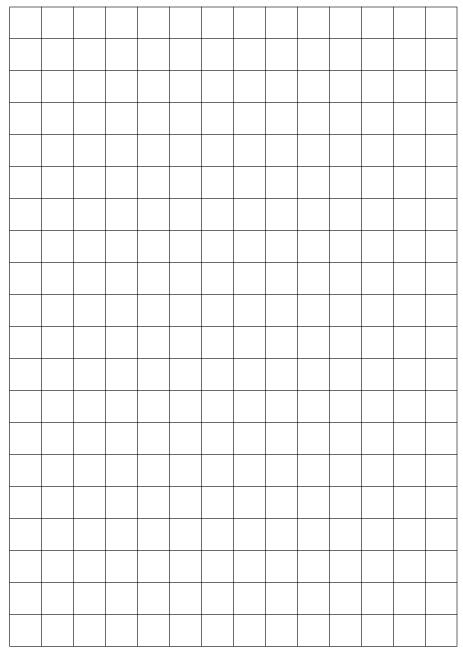
Write the lyrics, or words, of a song about your adventure book. You can set the song to a familiar tune (for example, it could be a theme song from a television show). In the lyrics, include information about the characters, setting, and plot. You might even include a chorus, or a section of the song that repeats. Teach the song to a classmate and perform it for the class!

involved?
characters feel?

Name	Date
Rook Title	

Word-Search Challenge

A proper noun names a particular person, place, or thing and is capitalized. Make a list of proper nouns from your book. Then fit as many as you can into the grid. You can place the words vertically, horizontally, or diagonally. Write the words in the word bank. Then fill in the blank spaces with additional letters. Challenge a classmate to find and circle the words.

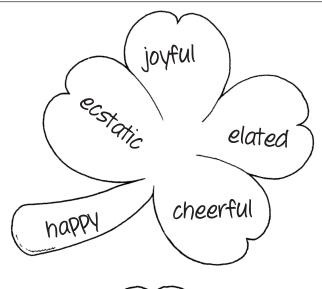


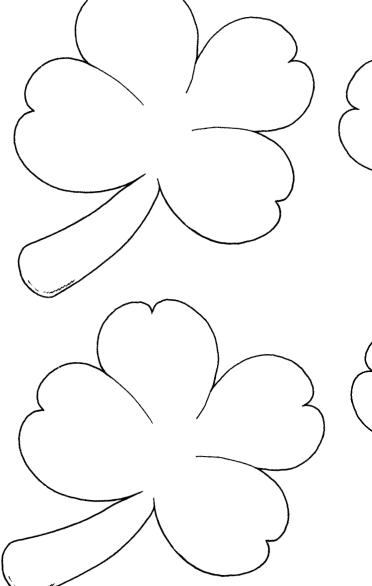
VVC	ord	ва	nk	

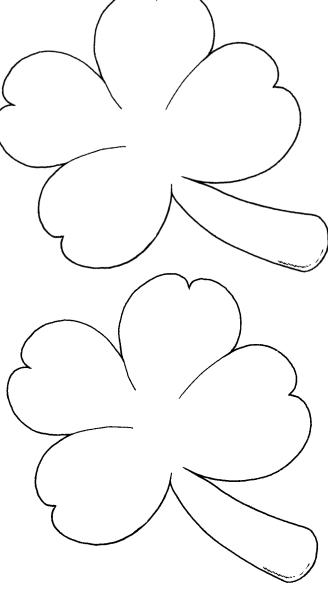
Book Title _

Clever Clovers

Retire boring, overused words! Look in your book for words that are not very interesting. Write each of these words on the stem of one clover. Then think of four interesting synonyms that could be used instead. Write each synonym on a petal. Next time you need an interesting word, pick one of these!







Name	Date
Book Title	
Dramatic Dialogue	Interjections
An interjection is a brief exclamation that expresses emotion ("Wow!" "Terrific!" "Oh, no!"). In the box, write a list of interjections. Then write a dialogue that the characters mignave had at any point in the story. Include interjections to the dialogue more dramatic. Be sure to use quotation mark	ght

Book J	Book Title Vocabulary Wall	Look through your book for verbs whose meanings you don't know. In each brick, write a verb and its definition. Then use the verb in a sentence.	hose meanings a verb and its
> Q	Verb:	Verb:	Verb:
	Sentence:	Sentence:	Sentence:
> O	Verb:	Verb:	Verb:
National Science of the Control of t	Sentence:	Sentence:	Sentence:
103	; 1 × × 26	<u>.</u>	h77.1.

Name	Date

NONFICTION

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title	e		

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Activities marked with an asterisk * have an activity sheet.

Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Do all 4.)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)
*Fill in a K-W-L chart (What I Know, What I Want to Know, What I Learned).	*Write a one- paragraph report on a topic from your book.	*Look for three resources about a topic in your book. Write a brief description of each resource.	Make a 3-D display about the topic of your book. Find objects (or draw pictures) that represent or relate to the topic.
Halfway Point Share with a classmate three interesting facts you've learned.	*Write about an important lesson learned.	*Look in your book for strong topic sentences.	Draw a map and label the important places in the book. Draw a small picture that represents what happened in each place.
*Complete the K-W-L chart.	*Look for cause and effect.	*Look in your book for strong concluding sentences.	Draw five pictures that show important events in the book. Cut them out and write on the back what each picture shows.
*Complete a nonfiction conference form and schedule a conference with your teacher.	*Make fact-or-fiction puzzle pieces. Fact Fiction	*Try to reach the moon in a game about verbs and adverbs.	Create a mural on a sheet of craft paper. Write facts that you learned and draw a picture of each.

Name	Date	_
Rook Title		

K-W-L Chart: Nonfiction

Before you begin reading your book, fill in the first two columns of the chart. First, write facts that you know about the subject of the book. Then write what you want to know about this subject. After you finish the book, write what you learned.

Know	Want to Know	Learned

Name	Date
Book Title	

Paragraph Report

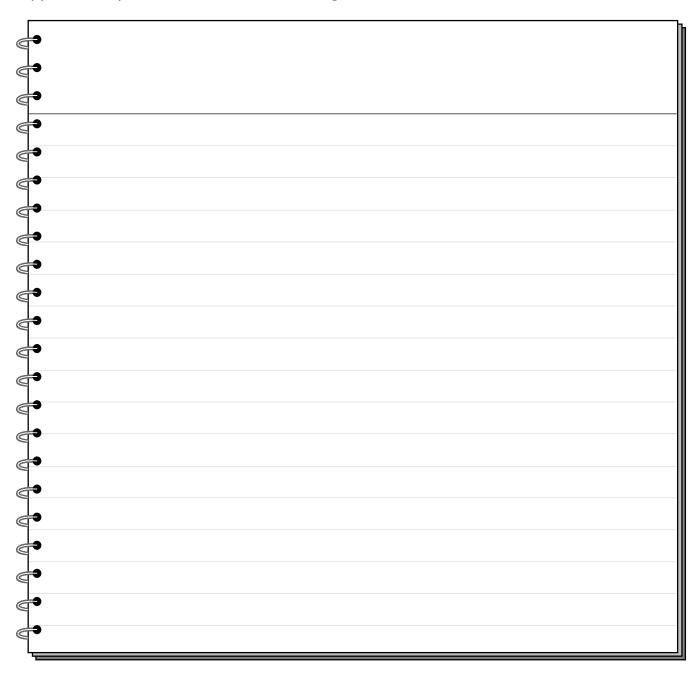
Choose a topic from your book, such as a person, place, invention, or event. Look up information on your topic and write a paragraph about it. Remember that a paragraph should have a topic sentence, at least three supporting facts, and a concluding sentence.

Name	_ Date

Book Title _____

Lesson Learned

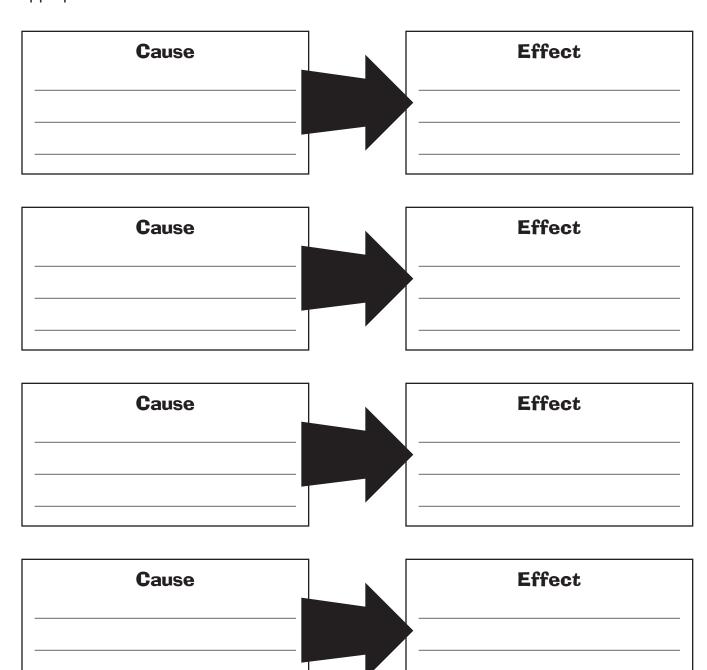
Think about an important lesson that a character learned in your book. How did the character learn the lesson? Why was this important? Did learning the lesson affect the way the character acted afterward? Write a paragraph about the lesson and include a topic sentence, examples to support the topic sentence, and a concluding sentence.



Book Title _____

Cause and Effect

An event that makes something else happen is called a cause. What happens as a result of an event is called an effect. Find four examples of cause and effect. Describe the events in the appropriate boxes.



Name	Date
Book Title	

Fact-or-Fiction Puzzle

Think of facts that you learned from your book. On one puzzle piece, write a fact. On the adjoining puzzle piece, write a fictional statement about the same topic as the fact. Complete the other puzzle pieces in the same way. Then cut apart the pieces. Challenge a classmate who has read the book to match the puzzle pieces.

Fact	Fiction	Fact	Fiction
_ ,			 ,,
Fact	Fiction	Fact	Fiction
Fact	Fiction	Fact	Fiction

Name	Date

Book Title _____

Resource Review

Look in your classroom or school library for three resources { (a book, a magazine or newspaper article, and a Web site) about an important topic in your book. Write a brief description of each resource. Then rate how informative each resource is.

Book						
Title:						
Author:						
Publishing Company:						Copyright Date:
Description:						
Rating: (Very informative)	5	4	3	2	1	(Not very informative)

Newspaper or Magazine Article						
Title of Article:						
Author:						
Title of Newspaper or Magazine:						
Volume Number (if any): Page(s): Date of Publication:						
Description:						
Rating: (Very informative) 5 4 3 2 1 (Not very informative)						

Web Site						
Name of Web Site:						
Address:						
Description:						
Rating: (Very informative)	5	4	3	2	1	(Not very informative)

Name	Date	
Pook Title		

Top Topic Sentences

Look in your book for four strong topic sentences. A topic sentence should introduce the topic of the paragraph and grab the reader's attention. Copy the sentence, then write the topic of the paragraph and why the sentence grabs your attention.

Topic Sentence:	Topic Sentence:
Topic:	Topic:
Grabs my attention because:	Grabs my attention because:
Topic Sentence:	Topic Sentence:
Topic:	Topic:
Grabs my attention because:	Grabs my attention because:

Name	Date
Book Title	

Clever Concluding Sentences

Look in your book for four strong concluding sentences. A concluding sentence should wrap up the paragraph and give the reader a memorable closing idea. Copy the sentence, then write what the paragraph was about and why the concluding sentence worked well.

Concluding Sentence:	Concluding Sentence:
Topic:	Topic:
Worked well because:	Worked well because:
Concluding Sentence:	Concluding Sentence:
Topic:	Topic:
Worked well because:	Worked well because:

Name	Date

Book Title

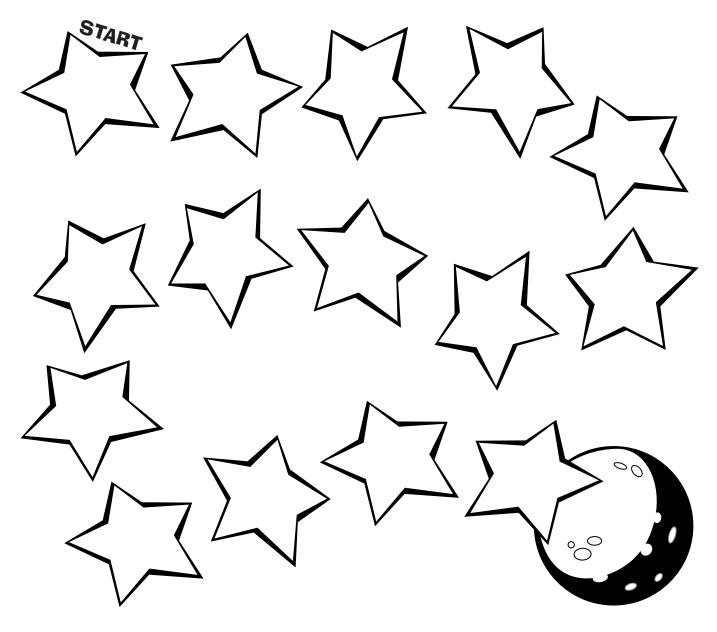
Reach the Moon Game

Setup

Look in your book for verbs and adverbs. Write either a verb or an adverb in each star. You will need a die and two markers (such as chips or paper squares).

Play

The first player rolls the die and moves ahead that number of stars. If the player lands on a verb, he or she moves ahead one star. If the player lands on an adverb, he or she uses the word in a sentence and stays in the same space. If the player does not use the word correctly, he or she moves back one star. The first player to reach the moon wins!



Conference Form: Fiction

Name			Date of Conference				
Book Title _							
Fiction 1	Fiction 2	Fiction 3	Fiction 4	Fiction 5	(Circle one.)		
your answer	rs at your teacl		ons. Be prepare e. Bring your b ne conference.				
Who do yo	u think is the	most interest	ting character	? Why?			
		It part of the I					
			the conference the theorem why you liked to				
What is the	theme or the	e main messa	ge of the boo	k?			
Teacher's	Notes:						

Conference Form: Biography

Name	Date of Conference
Book Title	
Write responses to the following questions. Be your answers at your teacher conference. Bring completed activities, and this form to the confe	your book, your
Who is the subject of your biography? What made you interested in learning more	about this person?
What is the person's most important accomp	olishment? Why?
What is the most difficult part of the book? What questions do you have about it?	
Choose an interesting passage to share at the Write the page number and explain why you	
Teacher's Notes:	

Biography • • 115

Conference Form: Mystery

Name	Date of Conference	
Book Title		
-	owing questions. Be prepared to discuss er conference. Bring your book, your his form to the conference.	
Were any parts of the boo What questions do you ha	ok difficult to understand? ave about them?	
	t of your mystery to share at the conference. nd explain why this passage was suspenseful.	
Was the setting importan Why or why not?	t to the mystery?	
Did the ending surprise y	ou? Why or why not?	
Teacher's Notes:		

Conference Form: Realistic Fiction

Name	Date of Conference
Book Title	
your answers at your teach	owing questions. Be prepared to discuss ner conference. Bring your book, your this form to the conference.
Do you think your book think about character, se	was realistic? Why or why not? etting, and plot.
What was the conflict, or	r problem, in your book?
How was the conflict res	olved?
	on from your book to share at the conference. and explain why you liked this description.
Teacher's Notes:	

Realistic Fiction • • 117

Conference Form: Adventure

Name	Date of Conference
Book Title	
Write responses to the following your answers at your teacher co completed activities, and this fo	
What was the climax, or most	exciting part, of the story?
	age to share at the conference. xplain what you liked about this passage.
Think of a character you admit What traits do you admire in t	•
Were there any parts of the bo What questions do you have a	ook that were difficult to understand? bout them?
Teacher's Notes:	

118 • Adventure

Conference Form: Nonfiction

Name	Date of Conference
Book Title	
Write responses to the following questi your answers at your teacher conference completed activities, and this form to t	ce. Bring your book, your
What is the subject of your book? What made you interested in learning	g about this subject?
What is the most difficult part of the What questions do you have about is	
Choose an interesting passage to sha Write the page number and explain	
Is there anything else you would like	to learn about this subject?
Teacher's Notes:	

Nonfiction • • 119

Date_

Books I've Read

Date Finished	Title	Author	Genre
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
13.			

Book Title	
	Checkout Form
	I'm ready to check out my independent reading contract.
	☐ I completed the right number of activities.
	☐ I checked over my work.
	I stapled my pages in order.
	I filled in a self-assessment rubric.
	I scheduled a conference with my teacher.
1401116	Date
-	eading Contract
-	Checkout Form
-	
-	Checkout Form I'm ready to check out my
-	Checkout Form I'm ready to check out my independent reading contract.
Independent R Book Title	Checkout Form I'm ready to check out my independent reading contract. I completed the right number of activities.
-	Checkout Form I'm ready to check out my independent reading contract. I completed the right number of activities. I checked over my work.

Name	Date
Independent Reading Contract	
Book Title	

Self-Assessment Rubric

	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	Score
PRESENTATION	Some of my work is neat and organized.	Most of my work is neat and organized.	All of my work is neat and organized.	
QUALITY OF WORK	Some of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	Most of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	All of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	
EFFICIENCY	I took longer than expected to complete my contract.	I completed my contract on time.	I completed my contract sooner than was expected.	

Total	Score	
lolai	Score	

Name	Date	
Independent Reading Contract		
Book Title		

Self-Assessment Rubric

	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	Score
PRESENTATION	Some of my work is neat and organized.	Most of my work is neat and organized.	All of my work is neat and organized.	
QUALITY OF WORK	Some of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	Most of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	All of my work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	
EFFICIENCY	I took longer than expected to complete my contract.	I completed my contract on time.	I completed my contract sooner than was expected.	

	Assessment Rubric				
	1 Point	2 Points	3 Points	Score	
Reading					
BOOK SELECTION	Book matched neither reading level nor interest.	Book matched either reading level or interest.	Book matched both reading level and interest.		
FLUENCY/ EXPRESSION	Student read some parts with fluency and expression.	Student read most parts with fluency and expression.	Student read all parts with fluency and expression.		
COMPRE- HENSION	Student demonstrated understanding of some of the text.	Student demonstrated understanding of most of the text.	Student demonstrated understanding of all of the text.		
PRESENTATION	Some of student's work is neat	Most of student's work is neat	All of student's work is neat and organized.		
QUALITY OF WORK	and organized. Some of student's work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	and organized. Most of student's work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.	All of student's work shows thoughtfulness and understanding.		
EFFICIENCY	Student took longer than expected to complete work.	Student completed work on time.	Student completed work sooner than was expected.		
Skills	to complete from		than the dispected.		
PRESENTATION	Some of student's work is neat	Most of student's work is neat	All of student's work is neat and		
QUALITY	and organized. Some of student's work shows	and organized. Most of student's work shows	organized. All of student's work shows		
OF WORK EFFICIENCY	thoughtfulness and understanding. Student took longer than expected	thoughtfulness and understanding. Student completed work on time.	thoughtfulness and understanding. Student completed work sooner		
N4	to complete work.	·	than was expected.		
Art	Some of student's work is neat	Most of student's work is neat	All of student's work is neat and		
PRESENTATION QUALITY	and organized. Some of student's work shows	and organized. Most of student's work shows	organized. All of student's work shows		
OF WORK	thoughtfulness and understanding.	thoughtfulness and understanding.	thoughtfulness and understanding.		
EFFICIENCY	Student took longer than expected to complete work.	Student completed work on time.	Student completed work sooner than was expected.		
			Total Coord		
			Total Score		

Teacher Record

Date
Date
Date

Letter Home

Dear	
	—,

Throughout the year, students in my class will be reading books of their choice. To help children get the most out of their books, our reading program features independent reading contracts. Each contract offers a variety of activities that encourage students to respond to literature in meaningful ways. The activities include reading comprehension, writing, vocabulary, grammar, spelling, art, and more. Each contract is designed for a specific genre: fiction, biography, mystery, realistic fiction, adventure, and nonfiction. Children are encouraged to complete contracts for books in each genre.

In addition to building important language-arts skills, independent reading contracts help students learn to work independently and purposefully. Although the contracts feature a wide variety of activities, the structure and procedures are consistent. This allows children to work on their own while I meet with individuals or small groups of students. When they have finished a contract, children will meet with me to talk about the book they read and the activities they completed.

The goal of our independent reading program is to foster a love of reading and to help children build important reading and writing skills. I look forward to helping each student reach this goal. Please feel free to call me if you have questions.

Sincerely,		

Name	Date

Independent Reading Contract

Book Title			

This book was: (easy) 1 2 3 4 5 (difficult)

Complete the activities based on your independent reading book. When you have finished an activity, check the box.

Reading	Writing	Skills	Art
(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)	(Choose)

